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EVALUATION OF FRAMED WALL CONSTRUCTION SECTIONS UTILIZING LATICRETE INTERNATIONAL'S "LATICRETE BUILDING ENVELOPE SYSTEM" AIR BARRIER SYSTEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH CAN/ULC S742-11

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18 Pages, 5 Appendices

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12-06-M0324-2

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Report No.:

Proposal No.:

12-006-04895

Date:

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

At the request of LATICRETE International Inc., Exova was retained to evaluate various wall section configurations of the "LATICRETE Building Envelope System" air barrier system applied to "DensGlass Gold Sheathing" utilizing a framed construction configuration. The testing was conducted in accordance with CAN/ULC S472-11 as outlined in Proposal Number: 12-006-04895.

Upon receipt, the specimens were assigned the following Exova Specimen Numbers:

Client Specimen Description

LATICRETE Building Envelope System Primary Air Barrier Material: LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier Measured Thickness (*Dry*): 1.6 mm Application Technique: Roller Applied Exova Specimen No. 12-06-M0324-A

Wall Specimen Description

Opaque Wall Frame Construction (Utilizing Georgia Pacific's 5/8" thick DensGlass Gold Exterior Sheathing); CAN/ULC S742-11, Figure D4 – Opaque Wall Assembly Test Specimen for Exterior Gypsum with Wood/Metal Studs Infill between Steel Frame

Client Specimen Description

LATICRETE Building Envelope System Primary Air Barrier Material: LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier Measured Thickness (*Dry*): 1.6 mm Application Technique: Roller Applied Exova Specimen No. 12-06-M0324-B

Wall Specimen Description

Continuity at Penetrations in Combination with Roof/Foundation Interface CAN/ULC S742-11, Section 6.1.6, Note: Combination Penetrated + Concrete Foundation Interface referencing ASTM E2357-11, Figures A1.2 + A1.3.

2.0 PROCEDURE

Test Method	Test Description
Section 6.3.2.1 (a), ASTM E2357-05, Section 9.1	Air Leakage
Section 6.3.3	Wind Pressure Loading
Section 6.3.4	Deflection
Section 6.3.2.1 (a), ASTM E2357-05, Section 9.1	Post Conditioning Air Permeance

Note: SI Units are the primary units of measure.

2.1 Test Wall Construction

Specimens 12-06-M0324-A &B (Opaque & Penetrated Roof Foundation Interface Wall Sections):

The 10' x 10' test wall sections were constructed using commercially purchased steel studs (3-5/8" deep, 18 gauge / 16" O/C) and built as per the construction details located in Appendix D & E on November 14-15, 2012.

Upon the installation of the fluid applied air barrier material, the wall sections were allowed to cure for a minimum period of 10-days, prior to testing.

2.2 Air Leakage Testing

Testing was conducted in both exfiltration (-) and infiltration (+) cases. Upon mounting the wall system on the wall test apparatus, a sheet of 6 mil poly was draped over and sealed against the exterior face of the specimen's test frame utilizing sheathing tape and double-sided gasket material for extraneous air leakage measurement purposes.

Using the procedure outlined in ASTM E2357-05, Section 9.1.2, the wall section was subjected to positive and negative pressures of: 25, 50, 75, 100, 150, 250, 300 Pa. Upon completion of the extraneous air leakage, the 6 mil poly was carefully removed and the actual specimen air leakage testing was conducted.

As per ASTM E2357-05, Section 11.2.1.4 logarithmic graphs for each air leakage test (infiltration/exfiltration) displaying the linear regression ($r^2 \ge 0.95$) values are located in Appendices B & C.

The air leakage testing as described above was also conducted upon completion of the "Wind Pressure Loading & Deflection" portion as outlined in the standard.

2.3 Wind Pressure Conditioning

The following wind pressure loading schedule was applied to the wall system using the loads prescribed for a sustained 1 in 50 hourly wind pressure difference of 650 Pa at a building height 12 meters above grade:

Sustained Loads:

Deformation Test (Sustained Pressure, P₁)

The wall system was subject to increasing pressure in increasing stages (150 Pa increments) for a minimum period of 10 seconds at each stage, up to a maximum pressure of 650 Pa which was maintained for 1-hour.

Deformation Test (Sustained Pressure, P'1)

The wall system was subject to increasing pressure in increasing stages (150 Pa increments) for a minimum period of 10 seconds at each stage, up to a maximum pressure of -650 Pa which was maintained for 1-hour.

The deformation measurements were taken continuously during pressurisation.

Note: As per CAN/ULC S742-11, Section 6.3.3.5, P₁ air pressure differences are to be applied in 100 Pa increments. However, as testing was also conducted in conjunction with ASTM E2357-11, the loading increments used were 150 Pa stepping followed by the 650 Pa pressure hold. This is considered a more severe stepping increment and is representative of the procedure outlined in CCMC 07272, in which the CAN/ULC S742 standard is based.

Cyclic Loads P₂ & P'₂:

Repeated Positive and Negative Pressure Test (Cyclic Pressure, P₂ & P'₂)

The wall system was subject to 2,000 cycles of pressure. The first 1000 cycles were from 0 to +950 Pa and was followed by 1,000 cycles from 0 to -950 Pa. The deformation measurements were taken continuously during cycling.

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Gust Loads, P₃ & P'₃:

The wall system was then subjected to a 'Gust Wind' pressure of +1410 Pa followed by a repeat 'Gust Wind' pressure of -1410 Pa. These pressures were held for a minimum of 3 seconds. The maximum deformation readings were taken after each gust pressure.

2.4 Deflection

Upon completeng the wind pressure conditioning sub-section, the wall specimens were subjected to wind pressure loading for 10 seconds using the P_2 and P_2 . values as per CAN/ULC S742-11, Section 6.3.4.

After completeing the deflection loads above, air leakage testing was again conducted at ambient conditions at an exterior temperature of -20°C and the interior temperature of 20°C as per CAN/ULC S742-11, Section 6.3.2.3 in both exfiltration (-) and infiltration (+) cases.

2.5 Test Dates

Specimen Number	Test Criteria	Testing Date
12-06-M0324-A	Air Leakage (Exfiltration) Air Leakage (Infiltration) Structural (Wind) Loading Air Leakage (Exfiltration) Air Leakage (Infiltration) Air Leakage (Infiltration) Cold Air Leakage (Exfiltration) Cold	November 27, 2012 November 27, 2012 November 28, 2012 November 28, 2012 November 28, 2012 November 29, 2012 November 29, 2012
Specimen Number	<u>Test Criteria</u>	Testing Date
12-06-M0324-B	Air Leakage (Exfiltration) Air Leakage (Infiltration) Structural (Wind) Loading Air Leakage (Exfiltration) Air Leakage (Infiltration) Structural Performance Air Leakage (Infiltration) Cold Air Leakage (Exfiltration) Cold	November 30, 2012 November 30, 2012 Nov. 30 – Dec. 1, 2012 December 1, 2012 December 1, 2012 December 1, 2012 December 3, 2012 December 3, 2012

Evaluation of "LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier" for LATICRETE International Inc.

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2.6 General Test Specimen Setup Photographs



Figure 1 – Hygrothermal Chamber Prior to Specimen Installation Displaying Location of Air Seal



Figure 2 – General Specimen Installation between Warm Side and Hygrothermal Chamber

Evaluation of "LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier" for LATICRETE International Inc.

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3.0 RESULTS

Table 1 - Summarized Air Leakage Results at 75 Pa in Accordance with CAN/ULC S742-11, Section 6.3.2.1 (a), referencing ASTM E2357-05 – Section 9.1, Air Leakage Testing									
		<u>Optional</u>	<u>Ambient</u>	<u>Cold</u>					
Exova Specimen No.:	Airflow Direction	Calculated Air Leakage at 75 Pa Prior to Wind Pressure Conditioning (L/s [.] m ²)	Calculated Air Leakage at 75 Pa After Wind Pressure Conditioning (L/s [.] m ²)	Calculated Air Leakage at 75 Pa After Wind Pressure Conditioning (L/s [.] m ²)	Air Leakage Rate Classification ⁽²⁾				
12-06-M0324-A (Opaque Wall)	-	0.00017	0.00069	0.00070					
(Opaque Waii)	+	0.00038	0.00058	0.00060	A1				
12-06-M0324-B (Penetrated Wall	-	0.00141	0.00141	0.00141					
in Combination with a Foundation Interface)	+	0.00106	0.00168	0.00171 ⁽¹⁾					

Notes: '-' denotes exfiltration airflow direction (simulated negative wind loading) '+' denotes infiltration airflow direction (simulated positive wind loading)

⁽¹⁾ Highest measured air leakage rate at 75 Pa

- (2) As per CAN/ULC S742-11, an air barrier in compliance with this standard shall be classified as one of the types listed in clause 4.1.1.1 to clause 4.1.1.5 according to its reference air leakage rate:
 - A1 The reference air leakage rate shall not exceed 0.05 L/(s·m²) at a pressure difference of 75 Pa. 4.1.1.1
 - A2 The reference air leakage rate shall not exceed 0.10 $L/(s m^2)$ at a pressure difference of 75 Pa. A3 The reference air leakage rate shall not exceed 0.15 $L/(s m^2)$ at a pressure difference of 75 Pa. 4.1.1.2
 - 4.1.1.3
 - A4 The reference air leakage rate shall not exceed 0.20 L/(s^{m²}) at a pressure difference of 75 Pa. 4.1.1.4
 - A5 The reference air leakage rate shall not exceed 0.50 L/(s^{-m²}) at a pressure difference of 75 Pa. 4.1.1.5

The reference air leakage rate is the highest air leakage rate of those recorded among all specimens when tested in accordance with CAN/ULC S742-11, Section 6.

3.1 DETAILED EXOVA SPECIMEN NO. 12-06-M0324-A RESULTS

Table 2 - Summarized Air Leakage Results in Accordance with ASTM E2357-05 - Section 9.1, Air Leakage Testing Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A (Exfiltration '-')							
	Optional	Ambient	<u>Cold (-20°C)</u>				
Differential Pressure (Pa)	Calculated Air Leakage Prior to Wind Pressure Conditioning	Calculated Air Leakage After Wind Pressure Conditioning	Calculated Air Leakage After Wind Pressure Conditioning				
	(L/s·m²)	(L/s·m²)	(L/s·m²)				
25	0.00008	0.00052	0.00052				
50	0.00013 0.00062		0.00063				
75	0.00017	0.00069	0.00070				
100	0.00021	0.00074	0.00076				
150	0.00028	0.00082	0.00085				
250	0.00040	0.00093	0.00097				
300	0.00046	0.00098	0.00102				

Table 3 - Summarized Air Leakage Results in Accordance with ASTM E2357-05 - Section 9.1, Air Leakage Testing Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A (Infiltration '+')

	<u>Optional</u>	Ambient	<u>Cold (-20°C)</u>		
Differential Pressure (Pa)	Calculated Air Leakage Prior to Wind Pressure Conditioning	Calculated Air Leakage After Wind Pressure Conditioning	Calculated Air Leakage After Wind Pressure Conditioning		
	(L/s·m²)	(L/s·m²)	(L/s·m²)		
25	0.00030	0.00049	0.00049		
50	0.00035	0.00055	0.00056		
75	0.00038	0.00058	0.00060		
100	0.00040	0.00061	0.00063		
150	0.00044	0.00065	0.00067		
250	0.00048	0.00071	0.00073		
300	0.00050	0.00073	0.00076		

* As per ASTM E2357-05, logarithmic graphs for each air leakage test (infiltration/exfiltration) displaying the linear regression (r²) value are located in Appendix B.

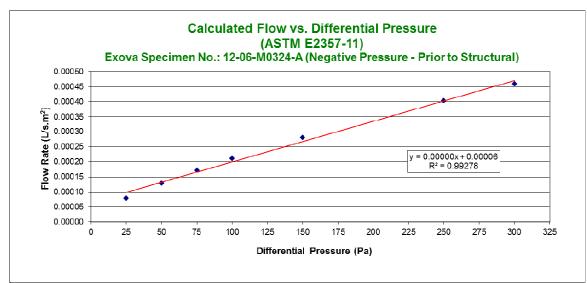


Figure 3– Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A Exfiltration Air Leakage Prior to Wind Conditioning

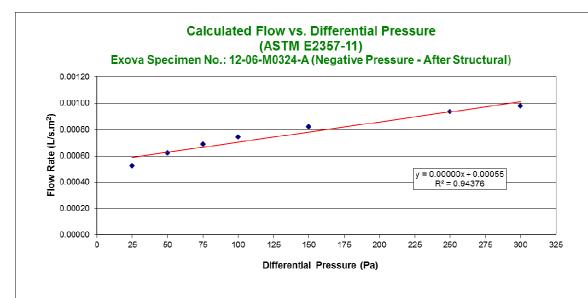


Figure 4– Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A Infiltration Air Leakage Prior to Wind Conditioning

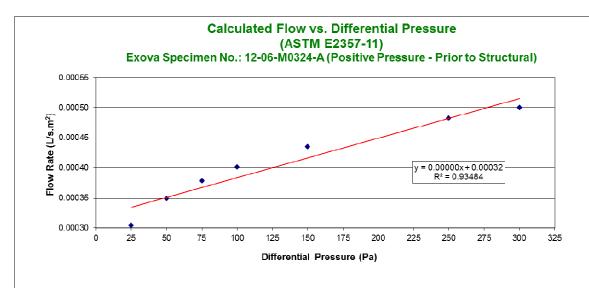


Figure 5- Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A Exfiltration Air Leakage After Wind Conditioning (Ambient)

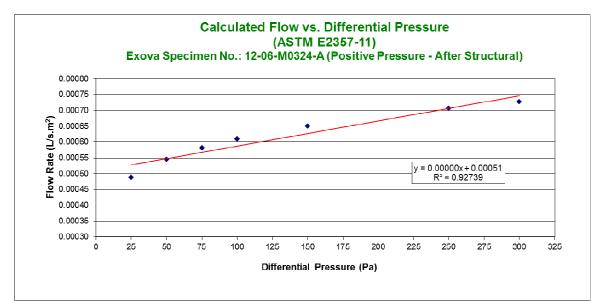


Figure 6- Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A Infiltration Air Leakage After Wind Conditioning (Ambient)

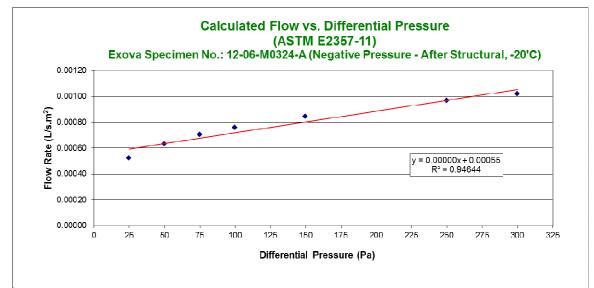


Figure 7 - Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A Exfiltration Air Leakage After Wind Conditioning (Cold)

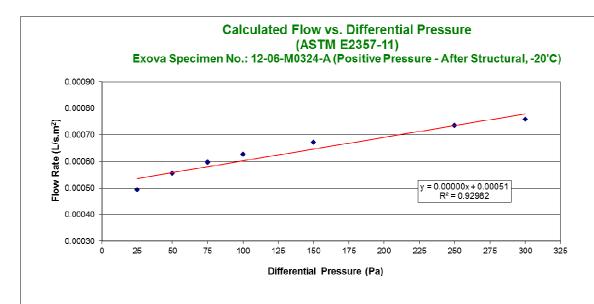


Figure 8– Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A Infiltration Air Leakage After Wind Conditioning (Cold)

Table 4 – Wind Pressure Loading Deflection Results in Accordance with CAN/ULC S742-11, Section 6.3.3 Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A									
Cycle	Pressure (Pa)		Gauge Nu	Imbers (Loo	cations) & M (mm)	/laximum D	eflections		
Oyole	r ressure (r u)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	150	-0.5	-0.8	-1.1	-1.4	-1.3	0.0	-0.5	
	300	-0.8	-0.4	-2.8	-2.9	-2.6	-0.2	-1.2	
	450	-0.2	-0.4	-3.7	-4.0	-3.8	0.0	-0.2	
Sustained	650 (P ₁)	-2.1	-0.4	-5.4	-6.2	-5.7	0.0	-0.7	
Loads	-150	0.9	0.0	1.8	2.6	2.1	-0.3	0.6	
	-300	1.7	1.3	3.8	4.2	4.0	0.6	1.4	
	-450	3.1	2.3	3.9	4.7	3.9	0.6	1.0	
	-650 (P ₁ ')	6.5	4.6	11.1	10.7	10.3	4.0	2.9	
Cyclic	0 to 950 (P ₂)	-6.2	-2.9	-12.4	-13.4	-11.7	-3.2	-3.8	
Loads	0 to -950 (P ₂ ')	7.6	4.3	14.5	15.7	14.7	4.9	5.7	
Gust	0 to 1410 (P ₃)	-5.5	-0.7	-14.6	-16.3	-15.2	-1.6	-2.6	
Loads	0 to -1410 (P ₃ ')	8.3	1.0	18.6	20.4	18.6	1.7	2.6	
	· · ·		1	1	1				

Table 5 – Deflection Results in Accordance with CAN/ULC S742-11, Section 6.3.4 Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A									
Cycle Pressu	Pressure (Pa)	Gauge Numbers (Locations) & Deflectio (mm)					ions		
Cycle	riessuie (raj	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Wind	0 to 950	-3.7	-0.5	-9.3	-10.4	-10.0	-1.5	-1.4	
Loading	0 to -950	5.5	0.6	11.6	12.8	13.5	0.3	1.8	

Note: The locations for each gauge number are located on the following page in Figure 9.

Wall Section Observations During Structural Wind Loading

During the wind loading schedule as shown in Tables 4 and 5, there were no visible signs of Exova Specimen No. 12-06-M0324-A tearing, cracking or peeling from the sheathed wall section.

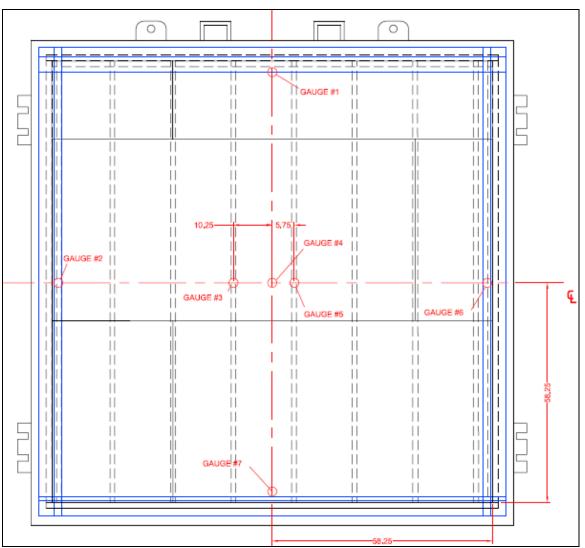


Figure 9 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-A Gauge Locations

3.2 DETAILED EXOVA SPECIMEN NO. 12-06-M0324-B RESULTS

Table 6 - Summarized Air Leakage Results in Accordance with ASTM E2357-05 - Section 9.1, Air Leakage Testing Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B (Exfiltration '-')							
	<u>Cold (-20°C)</u>						
Differential Pressure (Pa)	Calculated Air Leakage Prior to Wind Pressure Conditioning	Calculated Air Leakage After Wind Pressure Conditioning	Calculated Air Leakage After Wind Pressure Conditioning				
	(L/s·m²)	(L/s·m²)	(L/s [·] m²)				
25	0.00053	0.00053	0.00053				
50	0.00098	0.00098	0.00098				
75	0.00141	0.00141	0.00141				
100	0.00182	0.00182	0.00182				
150	0.00262	0.00262	0.00262				
250	0.00414	0.00414	0.00414				
300	0.00487	0.00487	0.00487				

Table 7 - Summarized Air Leakage Results in Accordance with ASTM E2357-05 - Section 9.1, Air Leakage Testing Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B (Infiltration '+')

	<u>Optional</u>	Ambient	<u>Cold (-20°C)</u>		
Differential Pressure (Pa)	Calculated Air Leakage Prior to Wind Pressure Conditioning	Calculated Air Leakage After Wind Pressure Conditioning	Calculated Air Leakage After Wind Pressure Conditioning		
	(L/s·m²)	(L/s [.] m²)	(L/s·m²)		
25	0.00047	0.00089	0.00090		
50	0.00079	0.00133	0.00135		
75	0.00106	0.00168	0.00171		
100	0.00130	0.00130 0.00198			
150	0.00175	0.00251	0.00255		
250	0.00255	0.00337	0.00343		
300	0.00291	0.00375	0.00381		

* As per ASTM E2357-05, logarithmic graphs for each air leakage test (infiltration/exfiltration) displaying the linear regression (r²) value are located in Appendix C.

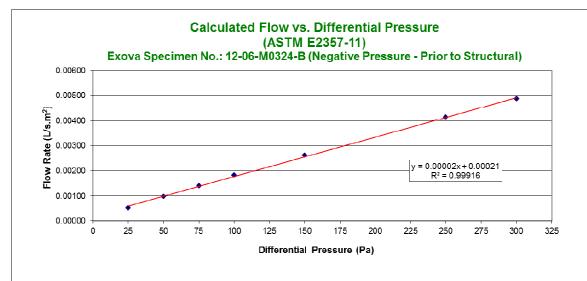


Figure 10 – Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B Exfiltration Air Leakage Prior to Wind Conditioning

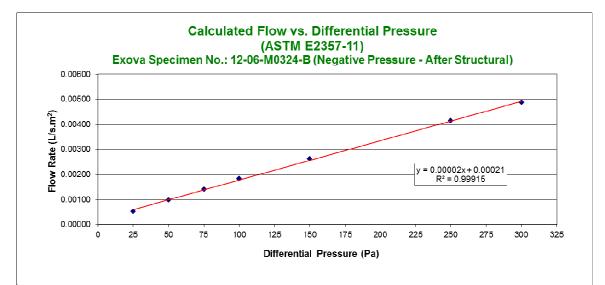


Figure 11 – Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B Infiltration Air Leakage Prior to Wind Conditioning

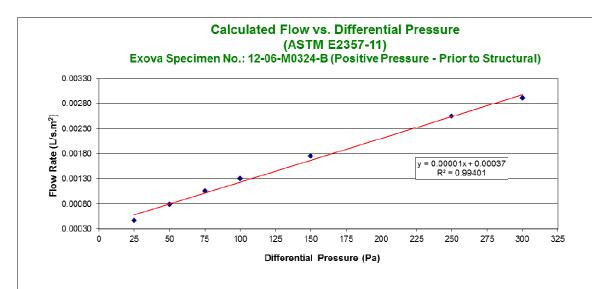


Figure 12 – Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B Exfiltration Air Leakage After Wind Conditioning (Ambient)

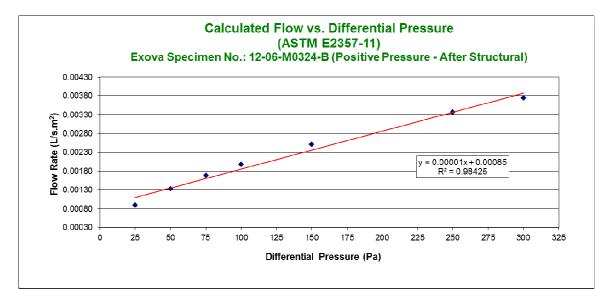


Figure 13 – Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B Infiltration Air Leakage After Wind Conditioning (Ambient)

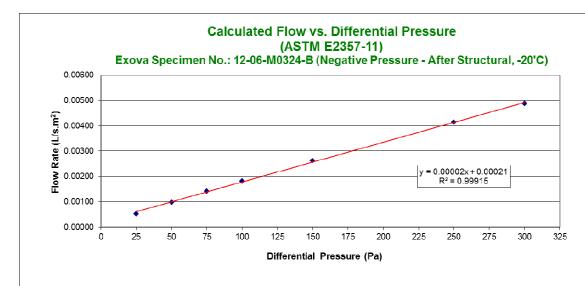


Figure 14 - Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B Exfiltration Air Leakage After Wind Conditioning (Cold)

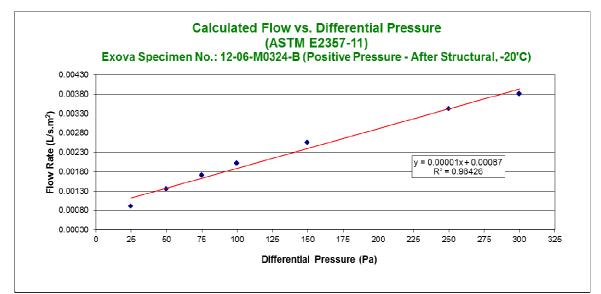


Figure 15 – Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B Infiltration Air Leakage After Wind Conditioning (Cold)

	Table 8 – Wind Pressure Loading Deflection Results in Accordance with CAN/ULC S742-11, Section 6.3.3 Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B									
Cycle	Pressure (Pa)		Gauge Nu	Imbers (Loo	cations) & M (mm)	/laximum D	eflections			
Oyole	r ressure (r u)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
	150	-0.3	-0.1	-1.7	-1.8	-1.3	0.0	3.4		
	300	-1.0	-0.3	-2.9	-2.8	-2.7	-1.3	0.3		
	450	-1.1	0.3	-4.3	-5.5	-4.0	-0.1	2.4		
Sustained	650 (P ₁)	-8.2	-1.6	-9.7	-9.7	-9.1	-2.3	Gauge Error		
Loads	-150	0.7	0.4	1.5	4.9	1.4	1.7	1.3		
	-300	1.1	0.1	3.3	5.2	3.4	0.5	0.7		
	-450	2.6	0.4	7.2	8.9	6.5	0.2	2.6		
	-650 (P ₁ ')*	4.8	1.7	10.3	11.2	11.0	3.0	6.3		
Cyclic	0 to 950 (P ₂)	-5.4	-1.5	-12.4	-14.1	-12.1	-2.8	Gauge Error		
Loads	0 to -950 (P ₂ ')	7.6	2.1	14.9	16.7	14.8	3.6	6.0		
Gust	0 to 1410 (P ₃)	-5.9	-0.7	-17.0	-18.0	-16.2	-0.7	-5.0		
Loads	0 to -1410 (P ₃ ')	7.9	0.9	19.4	21.1	19.0	0.9	7.4		

Table 9 – Deflection Results in Accordance with CAN/ULC S742-11, Section 6.3.4 Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B									
Cycle Pressure (Pa	Pressure (Pa)	Gauge Numbers (Locations) & Deflections (mm)							
Cycle	riessuie (raj	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Wind	0 to 950	-3.6	-10.8	-11.8	-10.5	0.9	-2.8	-3.6	
Loading	0 to –950	5.1	13.2	14.6	12.9	0.1	4.9	5.1	

Note: The locations for each gauge number are located on the following page in Figure 16.

Wall Section Observations During Structural Wind Loading

During the wind loading schedule as shown in Tables 8 and 9, there were no visible signs of Exova Specimen No. 12-06-M0324-B tearing, peeling or cracking away from the sheathed wall section.

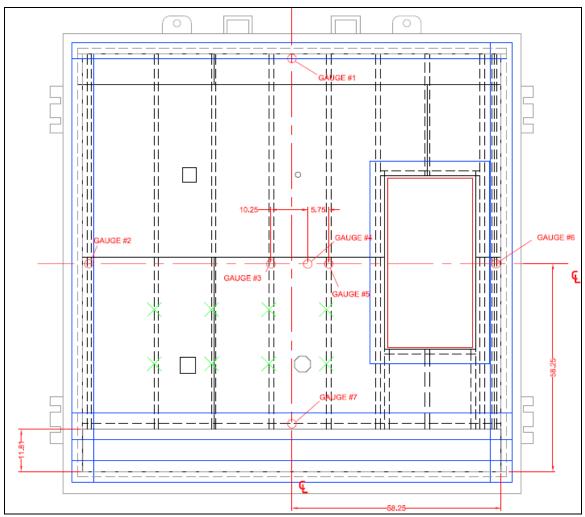


Figure 16 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-B Gauge Locations

4.0 CONCLUSION

LATICRETE International Inc. "LATICRETE Building Envelope System" air barrier system (*Exova Specimen Numbers: 12-06-M0324-A & B*), comply with the air leakage requirements of CAN/ULC S742-11 utilizing steel-stud framing construction and achieved an "A1" air leakage rate classification at a 1 in 50 hourly wind pressure difference of 650 Pa, 12 meters above grade.

The summarized test results are located in the table below:

Exova Specimen No.:	Airflow	<u>Optional</u>	<u>Ambient</u>	<u>Cold</u>	
		Calculated Air Leakage at 75 Pa Prior to Wind Pressure Conditioning (L/s [·] m ²)	Calculated Air Leakage at 75 Pa After Wind Pressure Conditioning (L/s·m ²)	Calculated Air Leakage at 75 Pa After Wind Pressure Conditioning (L/s·m ²)	Air Leakage Rate Classification ⁽¹⁾
12-06-M0324-A (Opaque Wall)	-	0.00017	0.00069	0.00070	
	+	0.00038	0.00058	0.00060	A1
12-06-M0324-B (Penetrated Wall in Combination	-	0.00141	0.00141	0.00141	
with a Foundation Interface)	+	0.00106	0.00168	0.00171	

Notes: '-' denotes exfiltration airflow direction (simulated negative wind loading) '+' denotes infiltration airflow direction (simulated positive wind loading)

Reported by:

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Reviewed & Authorized by:

Franz C. Bauer, Ext 406 Technical Manager, Building Performance Centre Products Division

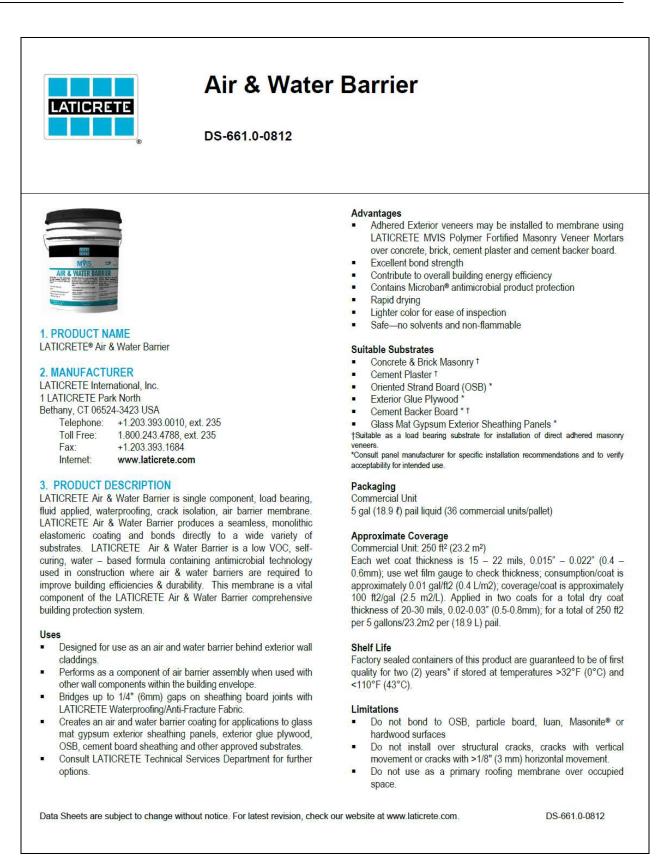
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Appendix A Report No. 12-06-M0324-2

APPENDIX A

LATICRETE Air & Weather Barrier Data Sheet (Provided by LATICRETE International Inc.)

(3 Pages)



- Based on information provided in the Technical Data Table Section 4 of this document. The design professional / specifier should detail and specify vapor barrier layer material type and location within the installation assembly and in accord with local building codes and to determine suitability of LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier within the installation assembly.
- Do not expose to negative hydrostatic pressure, rubber solvents or ketones.
- Do not expose membrane directly to sun or weather for more than 30 days.
- Do not use below grade.
- LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier is a secondary weather barrier. The outer façade finish is the primary weather barrier and must be installed and maintained per manufacturer's guidelines in order to ensure the proper performance of LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier.
- Do not install if surface or air temperature is below 50°F (10°C) or above 90°F(32°C).
- Not for use beneath cement or other plaster finishes. Consult with plaster manufacturer for their recommendations when waterproofing membrane is required under plaster finishes.

Cautions

Consult MSDS for more safety information.

- Wet coat thickness is 0.015 to 0.022" (0.4 to 0.6 mm) per coat. Use a wet film thickness gauge to check thickness.
- The LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier will go from a light sage green to a darker olive green when fully cured. The second coat should not be applied until the first coat is dry to the touch.
- Review local building codes and obtain any required approvals before using LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier. Placement of LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier in a wall assembly to be determined by project design professional.
- Allow wet mortars/plasters to cure for a minimum of 72 hours at 70°F (21°C) / 50% R.H. prior to installing LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier.
- Mechanical anchors, brick ties, furring strips, finish cladding supports or other penetrations through LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier should be sealed and made air and water tight.
- For all finishes: The successful performance and installation of exterior finishes is dependent upon the proper design and construction of the finish, adjacent building materials and systems of the assembly. Follow all applicable industry guidelines and building codes for the respective utilized finish.
- When LATICRETE® Air & Water Barrier is installed in conjunction with other building materials; it must be properly integrated so that water is diverted to the exterior of the wall system.
- Use of certain additives, coatings or cleansers on or in the façade system may impact the performance of LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier. It is the user's responsibility to determine the proper construction materials needed.
- For adhered veneer applications, substrates must be structurally sound, stable and rigid enough to support the intended finish. Substrate deflection under all live, dead and impact loads, including concentrated loads, must not exceed L/600 where L=span length.
- Placement of LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier in a wall assembly to be determined by project design professional.

4. TECHNICAL DATA Applicable Standard

Total VOC content pounds/gallon (grams/liter) of product in unused form is 0.02lb/gal (2.39 g/ℓ).

ICC – ES AC212: Acceptance Criteria for Resistive Coatings us as Water Resistive Barriers over Exterior Sheathing.

ICC – ED AC38: Acceptance Criteria for Water-Resistive Barriers

Physical Properties

Physical Property	Test Method	LATICRETE [®] Air & Water Barrier [™]
Fastener Sealability	ASTM D1970-01	Pass
Flatwise Tensile Strength to Aluminum	ASTM C297	546 psi (3.8 MPa)
Flatwise Tensile Strength to Copper	ASTM C297	216 psi (1.5 MPa)
Flatwise Tensile Strength to Galvanized Steel	ASTM C297	530 psi (3.7 MPa)
Flatwise Tensile Strength to Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)	ASTM C297	273 psi (1.9 MPa)
Tensile Strength Painted Aluminum	ASTM C297	368 psi (2.5 MPa)
Freeze Thaw Glass Mat Gypsum Exterior Sheathing Panels	AC212 Sec. 4.2	Pass 10 Cycles
Freeze Thaw Cement Board	AC212 Sec. 4.2	Pass 10 Cycles
Water Resistance Test Glass Mat Exterior Gypsum Sheathing Panels	ASTM D2247	Passed 14 Day Exposure
Water Resistance Test Cement Board	ASTM D2247	Passed 14 Day Exposure
Pull-Off Strength CMU	ASTM D4541-02	223 PSI
Pull-Off Strength Glass Mat Gypsum Exterior Sheathing Panels	ASTM D4541-02	47 PSI
Water Vapor Transmission Rate	ASTM E96-00e1 (Procedure A) Desiccant Method	1.081 gm/24 hr.m ²
Water Vapor Permeance	ASTM E96-00e1 (Procedure A) Desiccant Method	0.157 (grains/hr.in.Hg.ft ²⁾ (Perms)
Water Vapor Transmission Rate	ASTM E96-00e1 (Procedure B) Water Method	6.8 gm/24 hr.m ²
Water Vapor Permeance	ASTM E96-00e1 (Procedure B) Water Method	1.002 (grains/hr.in.Hg.ft ²⁾ (Perms)
Water Penetration Test	ASTM E331	Pass
Transverse Load (Structural) Test	ASTM E1233	Pass
Racking Shear Test	ASTM E72	Pass
Restrained Environmental Conditioning	AC212 Sec. 4.7.3	Pass
Weathering Test	AC212 SEC. 4.8	Pass
Ultraviolet Exposure	AC212	Pass
Accelerated Aging	AC212	Pass
Hydrostatic Pressure Test	AATCC 127	Pass
Air Permeance Test	ASTM E 2178	Pass

Data Sheets are subject to change without notice. For latest revision, check our website at www.laticrete.com.

DS-661.0-0812

5 INSTALLATION

See LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier How to Install Instructions DS 661.5 for complete installation instructions.

LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier can be applied using airless spray equipment or paint roller. All areas must have two coats to ensure proper coverage. Substrate will not show through LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier if coated with 0.020-0.030" (0.5-0.8 mm) of dried membrane. Color changes from a light sage to olive green when fully cured.

Surface Preparation

Surface temperature must be 50-90°F (10-32°C) during application and for 24 hours after installation. All substrates must be structurally sound, clean and free of dirt, oil, grease, paint, laitance, efflorescence, concrete sealers or curing compounds. Dampen hot, dry surfaces and sponge off excess water-installation may be made on a damp surface. Remove loose aggregates, concrete, nails, screws or other sharp protrusions that may interfere with or compromise the adhesion of the LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier.

- Install sheathing boards and panels per board/panel manufacturer's installation instructions.
- Installer must verify that deflection under all live, dead and impact loads is L/600 for all exterior adhered veneer applications where L=span length.

Cleaning

While wet, LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier can be washed from tools with water

6. AVAILABILITY AND COST

Availability

LATICRETE and LATAPOXY® materials are available worldwide. For Distributor information, call: Toll Free: 1.800.243.4788, ext. 235 Telephone: +1.203.393.0010 For on-line Distributor Information, visit LATICRETE at

www.laticrete.com.

Cost

Contact a LATICRETE Distributor in your area.

7. WARRANTY

See 10. FILING SYSTEM. DS 230.13: LATICRETE Product Warranty

A component of:

DS 230.15-SPD:	LATICRETE 15 Year System Warranty – SPD
	For Steel or Wood Framed Exterior Facades
DS 025.0-SPD:	LATICRETE 25 Year System Warranty – SPD

8. MAINTENANCE

LATICRETE and LATAPOXY grouts, sealants and pointing mortars require routine cleaning with a neutral pH soap and water. All other LATICRETE and LATAPOXY materials require no maintenance but installation performance and durability may depend on properly maintaining products supplied by other manufacturers.

9. TECHNICAL SERVICES

Technical Assistance

Information is available by calling the LATICRETE Technical Service Hotline (hours 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM EST):

Toll Free:	1.800.243.4788, ext. 235
Telephone:	+1.203.393.0010, ext. 235
Fax:	+1.203.393.1948

Technical and Safety Literature

To acquire technical and safety literature, please visit our website at www.laticrete.com.

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10. FILING SYSTEM Additional and

Additional product	information is available on our website at
www.laticrete.com	. The following is a list of related documents:
DS 230.13:	LATICRETE Product Warranty
DS 230.15-SPD:	LATICRETE 15 Year System Warranty – SPD
	For Steel or Wood Framed Exterior Facades
DS 025.0-SPD:	LATICRETE 25 Year System Warranty – SPD
DS 070.0:	LATAPOXY Waterproof Flashing Mortar
DS 237.0:	LATICRETE Waterproofing/Anti-Fracture Fabric
DS 6200.1:	LATICRETE Latasil™
DS 661.5:	How to install instructions – LATICRETE Air &
	Water Barrier
TDS 410M:	Spraying LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier

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Data Sheets are subject to change without notice. For latest revision, check our website at www.laticrete.com.

DS-661.0-0812

APPENDIX B

Logarithmic Air Leakage Graphs

Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A

(Opaque Wall Section)

(3 Pages)

EXOVO

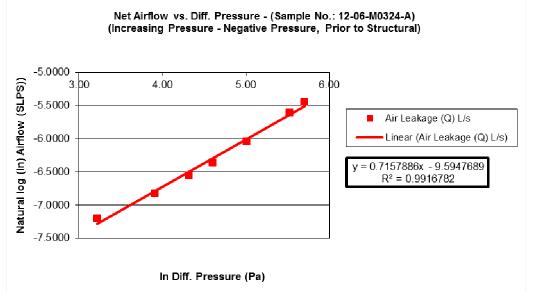


Figure B-1 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-A Exfiltration Log/Log Graph Prior to Structural Cycling

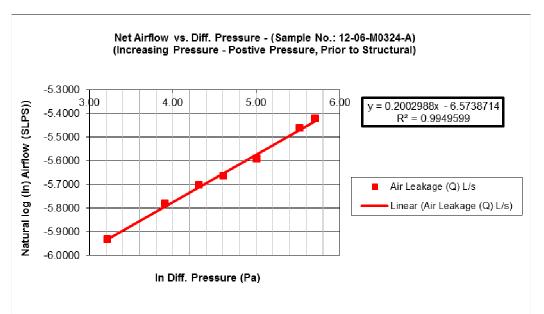


Figure B-2 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-A Infiltration Log/Log Graph Prior to Structural Cycling



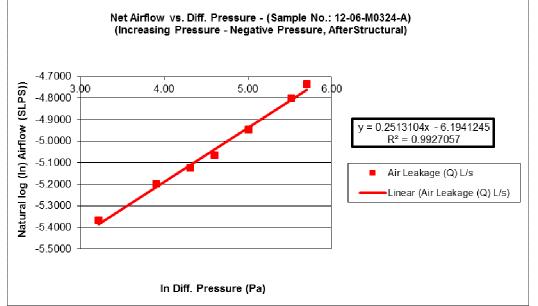


Figure B-3 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-A Exfiltration Log/Log Graph After Structural Cycling

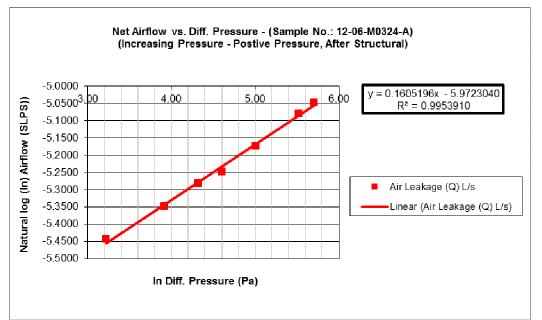


Figure B-4 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-A Infiltration Log/Log Graph After Structural Cycling

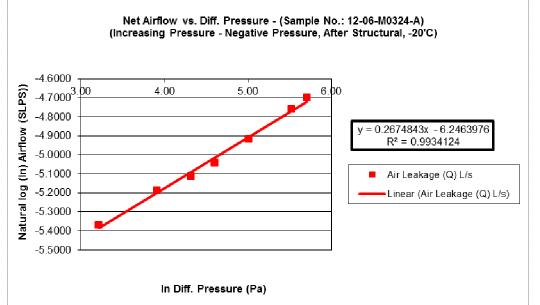


Figure B-5 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-A Exfiltration Log/Log Graph After Structural Cycling (Cold)

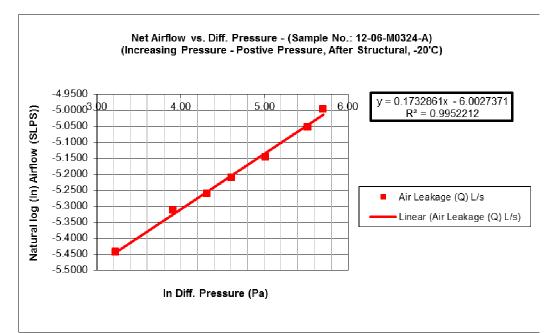


Figure B-6 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-A Infiltration Log/Log Graph After Structural Cycling (Cold)

Appendix C Report No. 12-06-M0324-2

APPENDIX C

Logarithmic Air Leakage Graphs

Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B

(Continuity at Penetrations / Foundation / Roof Interface Wall Section)

(3 Pages)

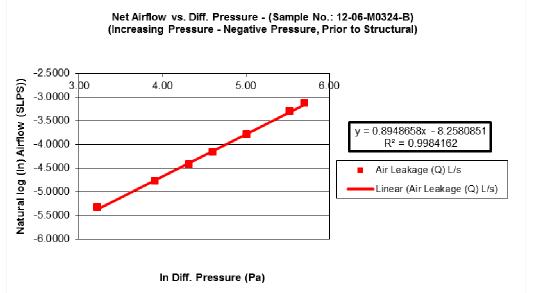


Figure C-1 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-B Exfiltration Log/Log Graph Prior to Structural Cycling

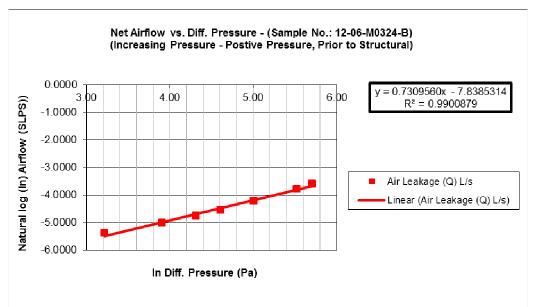


Figure C-2 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-B Infiltration Log/Log Graph Prior to Structural Cycling

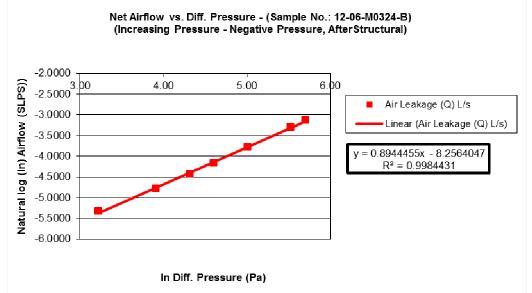


Figure C-3 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-B Exfiltration Log/Log Graph After Structural Cycling

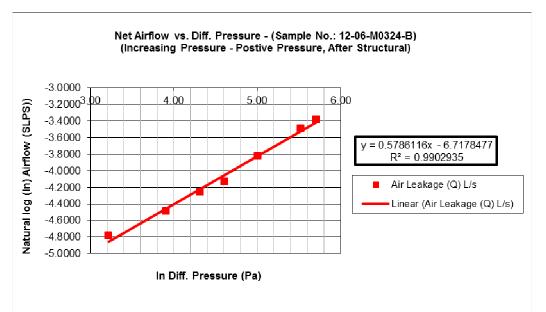


Figure C-4 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-B Infiltration Log/Log Graph After Structural Cycling



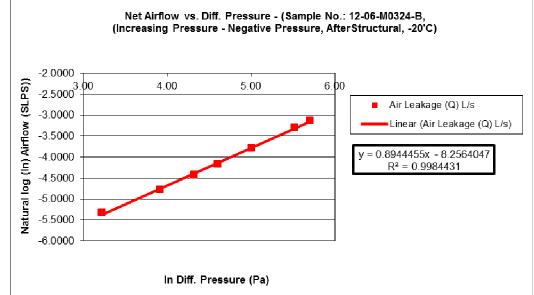


Figure C-5 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-B Exfiltration Log/Log Graph After Structural Cycling (Cold)

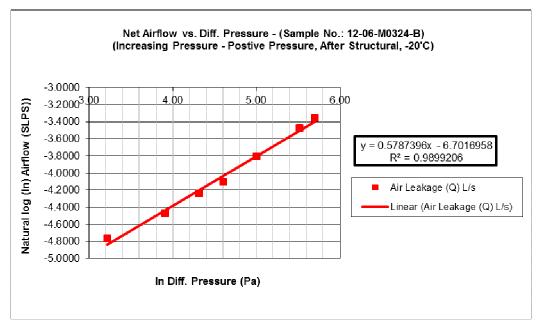


Figure C-6 – Exova Specimen 12-06-M0324-B Infiltration Log/Log Graph After Structural Cycling (Cold)

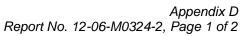
Appendix D Report No. 12-06-M0324-2

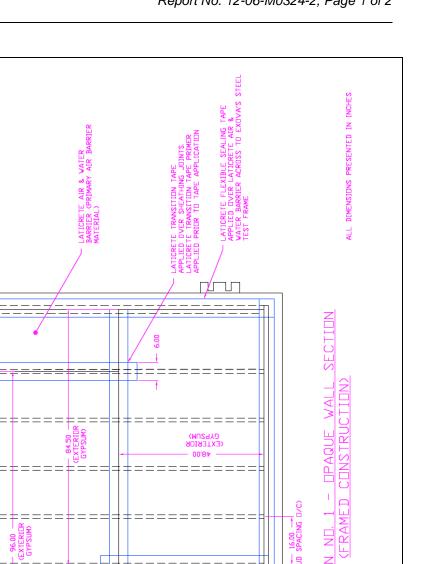
APPENDIX D

LATICRETE Air & Weather Barrier Wall Details & Application Photographs

Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-A (Opaque Wall Section)

(2 Pages)





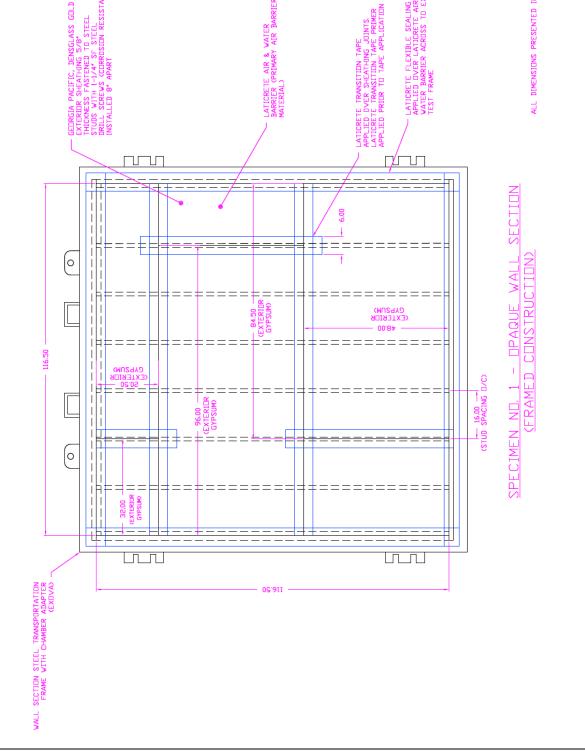




Figure D-1 – Sheathed Opaque Wall Section (Sheathing Joints Sealed and First Coat of LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier Applied)



Figure D-2 – Completed Air Barrier Installation (Sheathing Joints Sealed, Second Coat of LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier Applied and LATICRETE Transition Tape and LATICRETE Flexible Sealing Tape Applied)

Appendix E Report No. 12-06-M0324-2

APPENDIX E

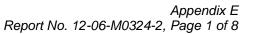
LATICRETE Air & Weather Barrier Wall Details & Application Photographs

Exova Specimen No.: 12-06-M0324-B (Continuity at Penetrations + Foundation Interface Wall Section)

(8 Pages)

Exova

Evaluation of the "LATICRETE Building Envelope System" for LATICRETE International Inc.





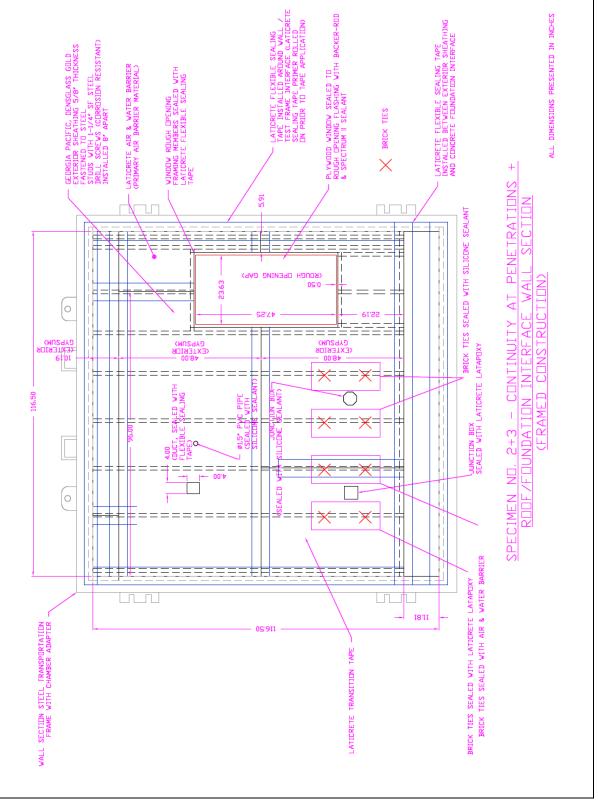




Figure E-1 – Application of LATICRETE Flexible Sealing Tape around Window Rough Opening



Figure E-2 – Application of LATICRETE Flexible Sealing Tape around Duct

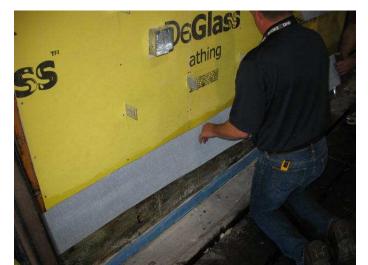


Figure E-3 – Application of LATICRETE Flexible Sealing Tape along Concrete Foundation Interface



Figure E-4 – Application of LATICRETE Air and Water Barrier



Figure E-5 – Application of LATICRETE Waterproof/Anti-Fracture Fabric along Sheathing Joint / Brick Ties



Figure E-6 – Application of LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier



Figure E-7 – Application of LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier



Figure E-8 – Application of LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier



Figure E-9 – Application of LATICRETE Transition Tape Primer around Perimeter Wall / Specimen Transporter Frame Interface



Figure E-10 – Application of LATAPOXY Waterproof Flashing Mortar around Brick Ties and Square Electrical Junction Box / Adjacent Brick Ties Sealed with LATICRETE Air & Water Barrier



Figure E-11 – Application of MVIS Silicone Sealant around Brick Ties and Hexagonal Electrical Junction Box



Figure E-12 – Application of MVIS Silicone Sealant around PVC Pipe



Figure E-13 – Completed Wall Assembly (red Tuck Tape along Foundation Interface used for Extraneous Bagging Purposes)